Tree Identification Questions:

- 1. Name two trees with bipinnate compound leaves.
 - a. Honey Locust and Silk Tree
 - b. Ash and Black Walnut
 - c. Devils Walking Stick and Ash
 - d. Hickory and Box Elder
- 2. Name two pines with two needles per fascicles.
 - a. Red and Scotch
 - b. Austrian and Pitch
 - c. Pitch and White
 - d. Jack and Umbrella
- 3. Name two maples without palmate compound leaves.
 - a. Red and Silver
 - b. Sugar and Red
 - c. Box Elder and Paperbark
 - d. Crimson King and Norway
- 4. What does MAD CAP HORSE stand for?
 - a. Trees with pinnately compound leaves
 - b. Maple, Apple, Dogwood, Caprifoliaceae, Horsechestnut
 - c. Trees with opposite leaf and bud orientation
 - d. Trees with palmate leaves
- 5. Name the two trees with opposite branches.
 - a. Ash and Hickory
 - b. Maple and Elm
 - c. Buckeye and Dawn Redwood
 - d. Catalpa and Sycamore
- 6. Which of the following characteristics cannot be used to differentiate spruce and fir?
 - a. Spare versus flat needles
 - b. Hanging versus upright cones
 - c. Needles on pegs versus needles on twigs
 - d. Aromatic versus non-aromatic needles
- 7. How do you differentiate Atlantic White Cedar from Northern White Cedar?
 - a. Color of the heart wood
 - b. Orientation of the cones
 - c. White stoma on the back of the needles
 - d. Number of needles per fascicle

- 8. Which of the following have leaves that originate from spurs?
 - a. Red Oak and American Elm
 - b. Buckthorn and Scotch Pine
 - c. Pin Oak and Sycamore
 - d. Crabapple and Gingko
- 9. Name three deciduous conifers.
 - a. Atlantic White Cedar, Northern White Cedar and Eastern Red Cedar
 - b. Larch, Bald Cypress and Dawn Redwood
 - c. Japanese Umbrella Pine, Blue Atlas Cedar and Cedar of Lebanon
 - d. Norway Spruce, Red Spruce and White Spruce
- 10. I am a Hickory with bivalve yellow buds. What am I?
 - a. Bitternut
 - b. Mockernut
 - c. Shagbark
 - d. Pignut