What exactly does a supervisory (arborist) pesticide applicator do?

- Makes decisions about pesticide use
 CGS Sec 22a-54 and RCSA 22a-66-5(f)
- May perform commercial pesticide applications
 CGS sec 22a-54 and Reg 22a-66-5 (f)
- ► Keeps records of pesticide use and supervision CGS Sec 22a-58 and 22a-66-5(i)(5)
- Supervises (junior) operator on site or with <u>written instructions</u>
 RCSA 22a-66-5(i)
- ▶ Submits annual use summary to DEEP CGS Sec 22a-58

What RECORDS must a Supervisory pesticide applicator keep?

- ► The arborist must keep records for each application of a pesticide. The record includes five points:
 - Names and certification numbers of supervisor and junior Operator(s)
 - 2. Kind and amount of pesticide used
 - 3. Date and place of application
 - 4. Pest treated for

Who? What? When? Where? Why?

5. Crop or site treated

RCSA Sec 22a-66-5(I)(5) and CGS Sec 22a-58, keep written instructions as a permanent record

If Written Instructions to Jr operators are used, what points need to be included?

- ► Five basic points
 - Certified supervisory and certified operator name and certification number must be listed
 - Pest to be controlled
 - Pesticide to be used
 - Directions for use of the pesticide
 - Other information necessary from the label
 - ▶ Be available if and when needed

Who? What? When? Where? Why? How?

Under "Written Instructions" directions for use means—

- ▶ Place to use the pesticide
- ▶ Directions for dilution, rate to mix at, rate to use at
- ▶ Site or crop to treat
- Method of application to employ



The Junior Operator works under the supervision of the Arborist

- Only works under supervision with the Supervisor at the site of the pesticide application or by written instructions
- Can read a pesticide label and follow written instructions provided by the supervisor
- Assists with, or may perform pesticide applications or handle open containers (examples: a hose dragger, flagger or help to mix pesticides in a use tank).

What are the three main requirements for pesticide application businesses?

- ► The Business Registration
- Business Records
- Notification

What is the Pesticide Business Registration?

- Certificate of Registration (One Business Registration form for arborists -indicates commercial pesticide work on form and certified applicators
- ► Must have a Licensed/certified person on staff
- ▶ 1-year registration period (Sept 1 to August 31)
- Report any changes to DEEP in writing
- "B" number is assigned to your business

What RECORDS need to be maintained by the Pesticide Application Business?

- Keep the Pesticide Application Record for 5 years
- Must have Names and EPA Registration Numbers of pesticides used by the business
- Must maintain names and certification numbers of all commercial pesticide applicators employed
- Must maintain written instructions, because it's part of the supervisor's pesticide application records (RCSA Sec 22a-66-5(1) (5)

Business Notification requirements ...as easy as A,B,C...

- What type of notification must be made to
- ▶ A. Customers
- ▶ B. Abutters
- ▶ C. The General Public

...concerning pesticide applications?



Business Notification Requirements

- ► A. Potential <u>Customer</u> information
- ▶ B. Notice to persons (<u>abutter</u>) listed on the Pre-Notification Registry
- ► C. Posting

What information must be supplied to a Potential Customer?

- ► This information must be given before entering into an agreement to apply a pesticide to a customers property
- Provide information describing what the pre-notification registry is
- Provide pesticide label information for the potential customer

What is Connecticut's PRE-NOTIFICATION REGISTRY?

- ► The *official* list
- An abutter is on the official list or may become a Pre-notification abutter mid-year
- ▶ Continued...

How do you provide PRE-NOTIFICATION to an abutter?

- ► Make 2 attempts by any means
- Place a notice on the door if all attempts fail and you must do the pesticide application
- Keep a record of any notification attempts

How do you POST a pesticide application?

- ► The Pesticide Posting Sign has specific requirements
- ► The applicator posts the sign at the time of the pesticide application
- ▶ 12" to 48" high, 1 to 5 feet from road or sidewalk
- ► Located at points of entry and every 150 feet of road frontage

Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies...

- Pertaining to the use of pesticides by arborists
- ▶ RCSA Sec 22a-54-2 thru 22a-66a-2

Pertinent pesticide regulations

- ► RCSA Sec 22a-65-1 discarding of pesticides and containers
- RCSA Sec 22a-66-2 pesticides not registered and use prohibited DDT, Chlordane, Lindane

Pertinent pesticide regulations

- ► RCSA Sec 22a-66-3
- Must have check valve or anti-siphoning device on filler hose
- ▶ Must cover filler hoses when not in use.
- Must not draw water from water heading into a potable water supply.

Pertinent pesticide regulations

- ▶ RCSA Sec 22a-66-5 provides details of the following:
- Supervisory responsibilities
- Operator responsibilities
- Written Instructions to operators
- 22a.66a-1 Requirements for posting
- ▶ 22a-66a-2 Pre-Notification details



Additions to the Pesticide Control Act

- ► PA 18-84 **NEW** An act prohibiting the use of automatic pesticide misting machines
- ► CGS Sec 22a-61a **NEW** Prohibition re neonicotinoid applications on linden or basswood trees.

Other statutes of importance not under the Pesticide Control Act

Title 10 Chapter 170 Boards of Education

Pesticide applications at schools --- Sec 10-231a through 10-231d Pesticide applications on municipal playgrounds Sec 448

Title 19 Chapter 422 Department of Health

Sec 19a-77 and sec 19a-79a concerning Pesticide applications at day care facilities

Title 22 Chapter 422 Department of Agriculture --- IPM defined Sec 22-11a

Title 22 Chapter 426 Agricultural Experiment Station Research consistent with IPM 22-84a

Contact the DEEP Pesticide Management Program for more

information

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